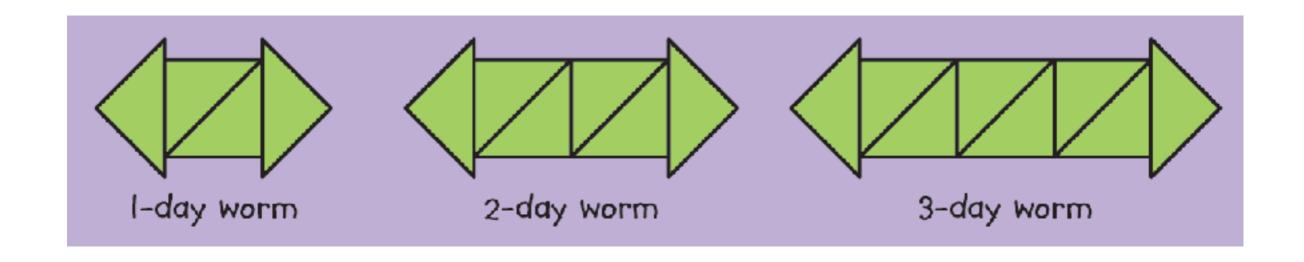
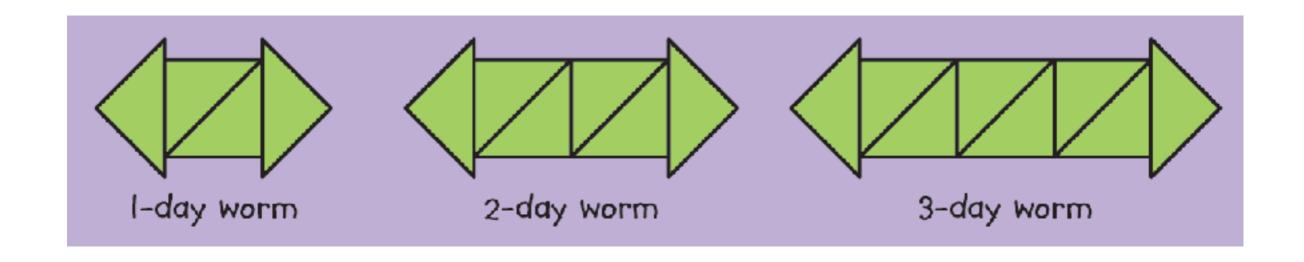
The Power of Ideas

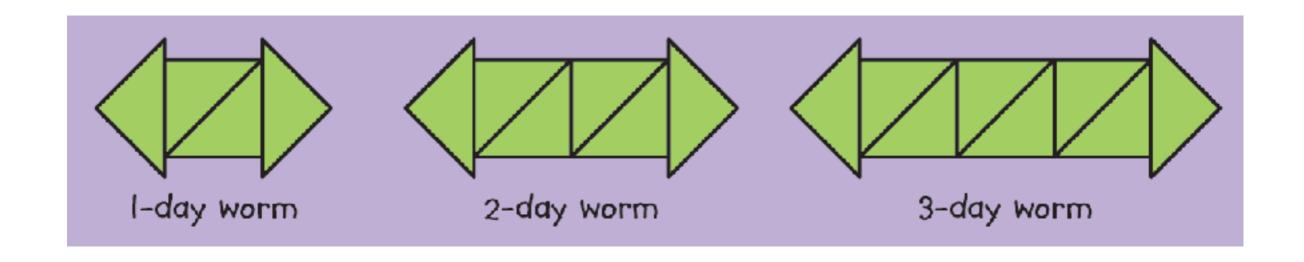
Annie Fetter, @MFAnnie, anniefetter@gmail.com

PCTM 2019

A PDF of the slides will be available after the session at annie.mathematicalthinking.org

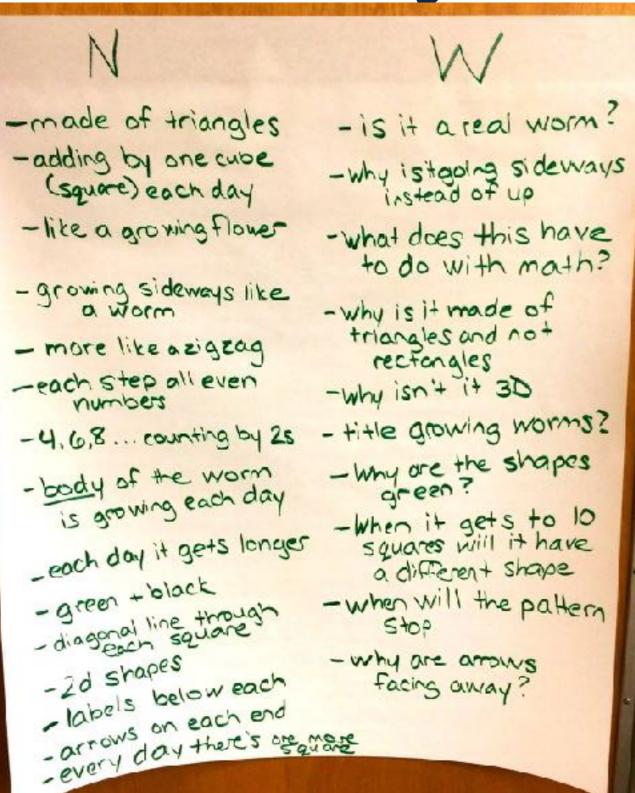


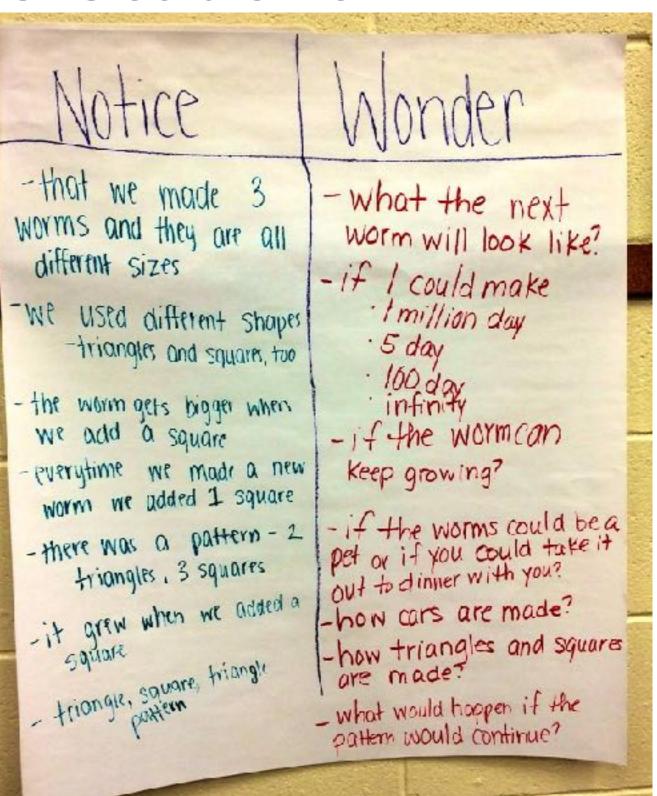




I Notice 1 Wonder

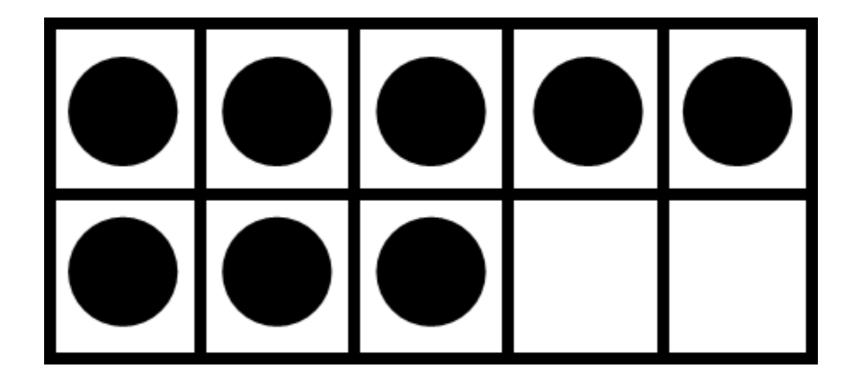
Growing Worms Student NW

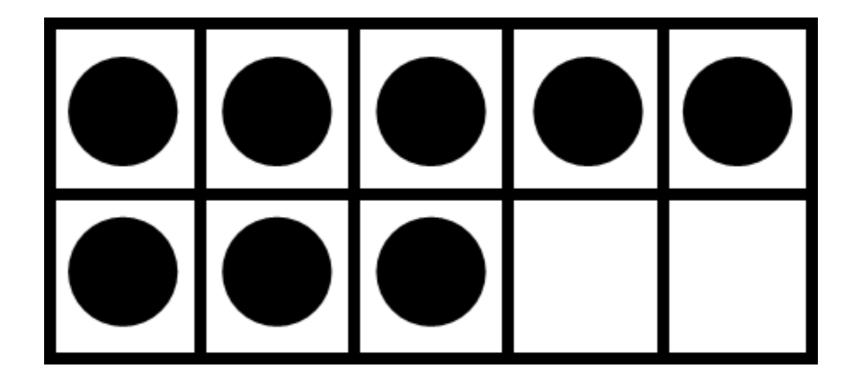


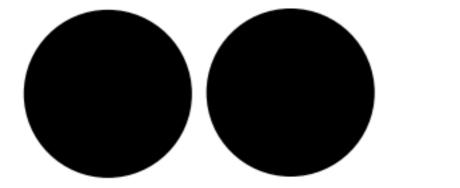


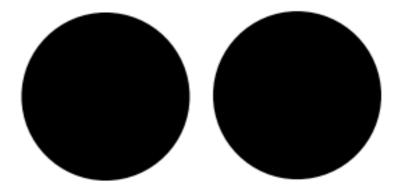
Let's Count!

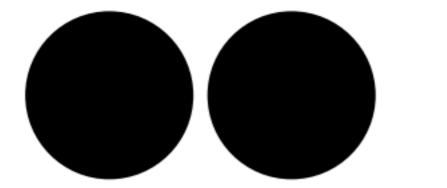
Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.

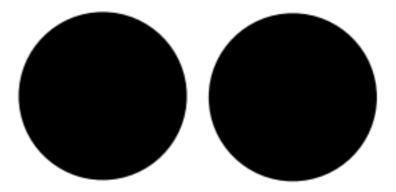


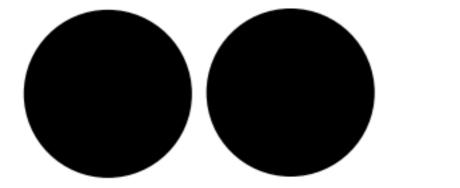


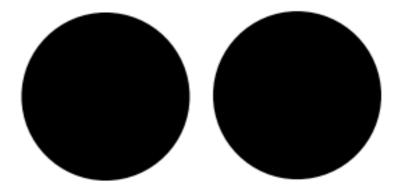


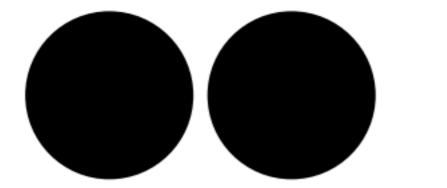


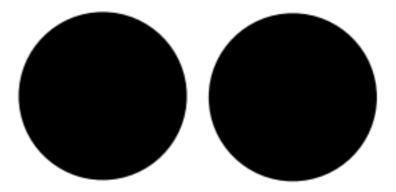






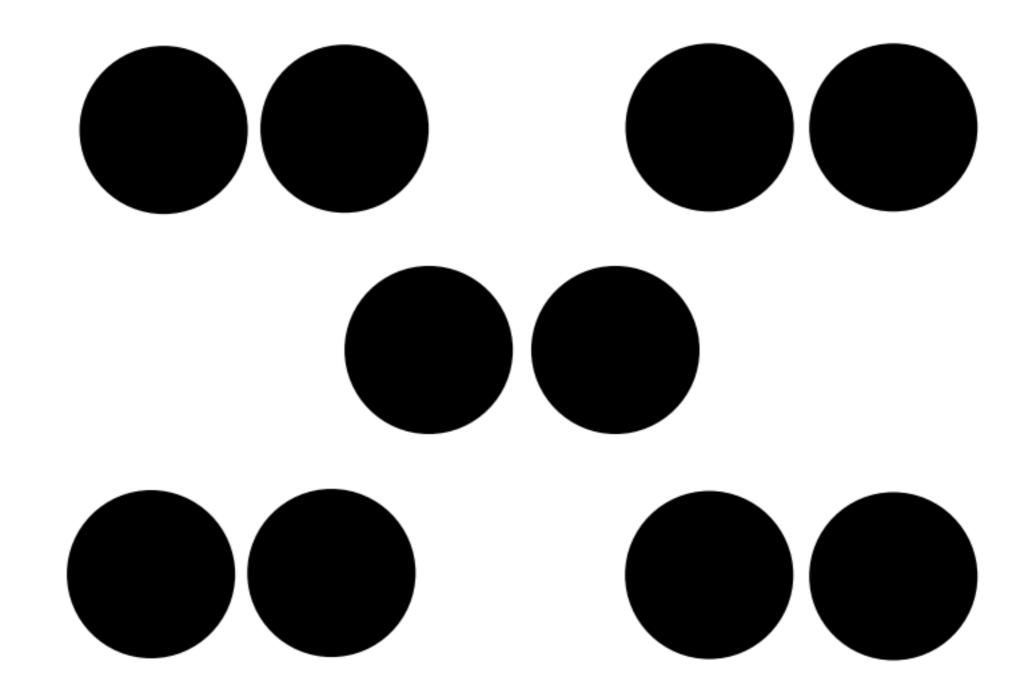






New Guidelines

- Put your thumb up when you have an answer and are ready to describe how you figured it out.
- Add another finger for every other way you see that it could be figured out.

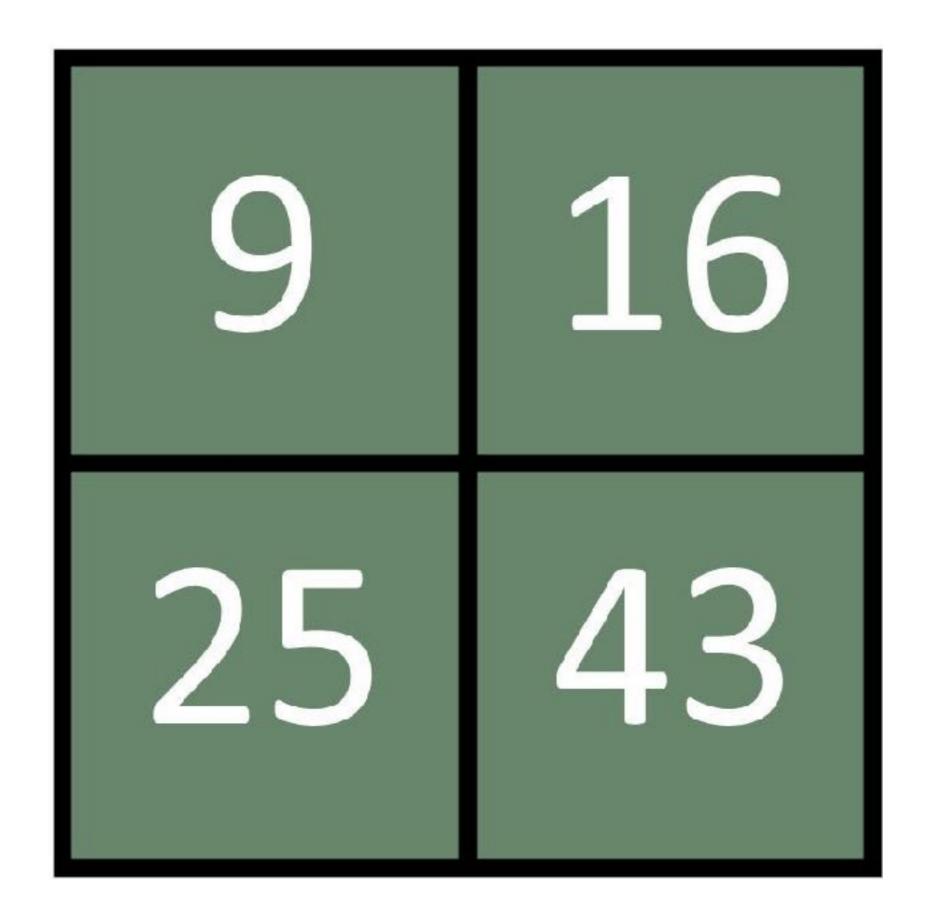


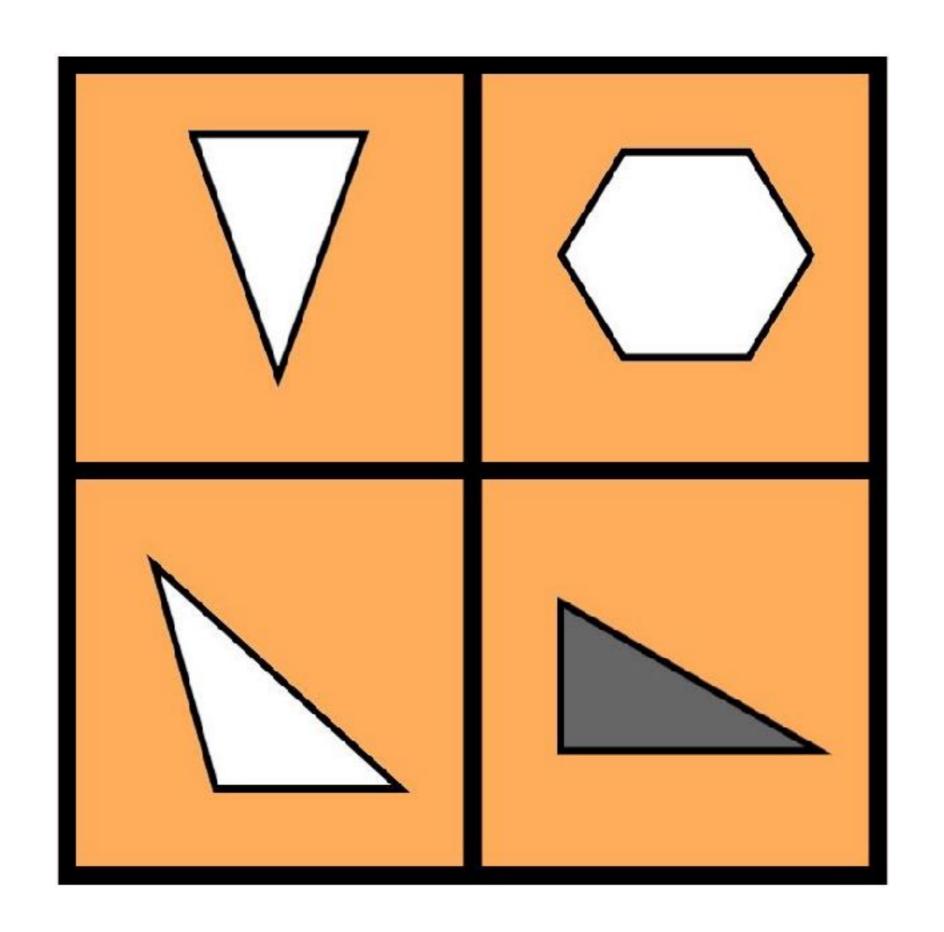
How Many? How Did You Count?

15 + 16

26 + 49

Number Talks





Annie Fetter @MFAnnie #NoticeWonder

Which One Doesn't Belong?

Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him some Raule had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more Raule. had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. How many mice did Raul have to start with?

A Numberless Word Problem from Brian Bushart, <u>bstockus.wordpress.com</u>

Numberless Word Problems

Routines

- •How Many? How Did You Count?
- Number Talks
- Which One Doesn't Belong?
- Numberless Word Problems

I used to think my job was to teach students to see what I see. I no longer believe this. My job is to teach students to see; and to recognize that no matter what the problem is, we don't all see things the same way. But when we examine our different ways of seeing, and look for the relationships involved, everyone sees more clearly; everyone understands more deeply.

—Ruth Parker

Grade 3 State Test Problem

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. If Dylan buys 3 bunches of roses, how many roses does he have?

```
A. 6 18%
```

B. 9 46%

C. 18 31%

D. 24 4%

Combined scores of the 160 third graders in a group of four low-performing schools I used to support.

Sample Test Question, Revised

The corner deli sells roses in bunches of 6. Dylan bought 3 bunches. Draw a picture of the story.



CCSS Mathematical Practice 1

Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

Mathematically proficient students start by explaining to themselves the meaning of a problem and looking for entry points to its solution.

They analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals.

They make conjectures about the form and meaning of the solution and plan a solution pathway rather than simply jumping into a solution attempt.

They consider analogous problems, and try special cases and simpler forms of the original problem in order to gain insight into its solution.

They monitor and evaluate their progress and change course if necessary.

Characteristics of Strong Readers Mathematicians

- They are motivated to read. tackle problems
- They are able to read words accurately and automatically.
- They comprehend what they read.
- They are able to read with expression.
- They use a variety of strategies to tackle words they don't recognize.
- They use active problem solving strategies to search for information, to determine meaning, to make sense of words, to make connections.

Reading Lesson Objectives

What are some reading strategies you'll teach in the first two months of school?

Strategies – Unfamiliar Words

- Sound it out
- Context clues
- Apply known patterns to a new situations

Strategies - Comprehension

- Predicting
- Estimating
- Hypothesizing
- Make a movie in your mind
- Storyboarding (beginning, middle, end)
- Story elements (character, setting, problem, solution)

Strategies - Comprehension

 Make a movie in your mind





Annie Fetter
@MFAnnie
#NoticeWonder

Reminder

Most reading skills and strategies are also thinking skills and strategies.

Your Job: Focus on and Monitor For Sense-Making Above All Else

Margaret and Emily's Story

As young teachers, we believed our job was to carefully explain what we knew about mathematics to our students. We asked questions and listened to our students' answers but our listening was aimed at assessing whether our students got what we had explained rather than uncovering their understanding of the content.

We now see that we missed valuable opportunities to develop students' understanding because we did not elicit their ideas or relate their ideas to the content we were teaching.

—Susan B. Empson and Linda Levi Extending Children's Mathematics: Fractions and Decimals

Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's one way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Get rid of the question. Literally.

Get Rid of the Question

Apple juice costs 50¢. The juice machine accepts quarters, dimes, and nickels.

1 Notice	1 Wonder	

Get Rid of the Question

Relate Pictures to Tens and Ones MATHTALE

MP.1 Make Sense of Problems Analyze the Problem Discuss the pictures in Exercises 1 and 2. Count the number of cars in the first row. 10 cars Explain that drivers may be directed to fill a row before parking in the next row of a parking lot. In the same way, people may be asked to fill a row of seats before sitting in the next row at a theater.

- How can a filled row help you count the number of cars or the number of people? Possible response: A filled row shows ten, so I can use the picture to count tens and extras.
- How do the cars in Exercise 1 show tens and ones?
 2 filled rows show tens and 3 extra cars show ones.
- How do the people in Exercise 2 show tens and ones? There are 4 rows of ten with 6 extra ones.
 This time the ones are at the top and the tens are shown below.



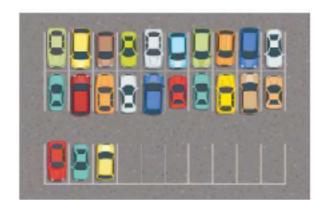
Name

Math and the Community Theater

Linda and her family go to a show.



10 cars can park in each row.



How many cars are there?

tens	ones =	car

§ 2. 10 people can sit in each row.



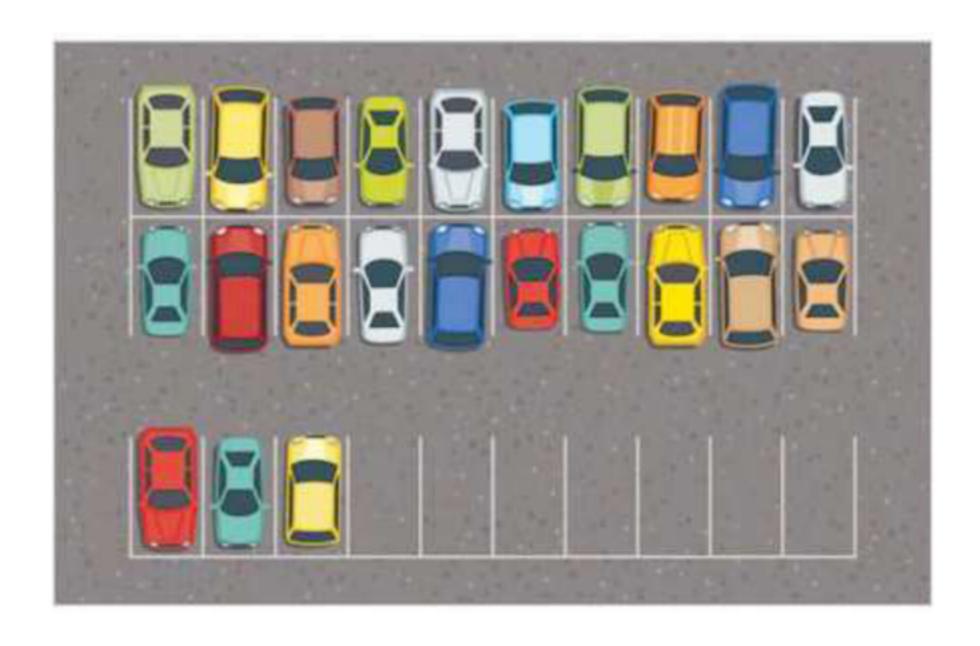
How many people are there?

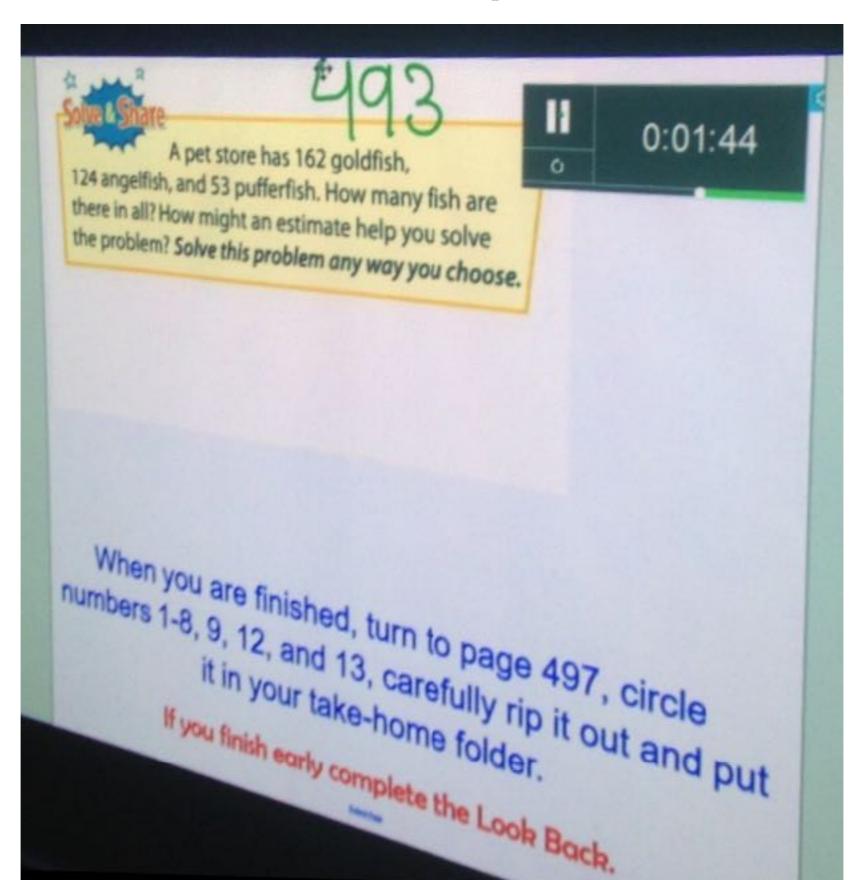
____ tens ____ people

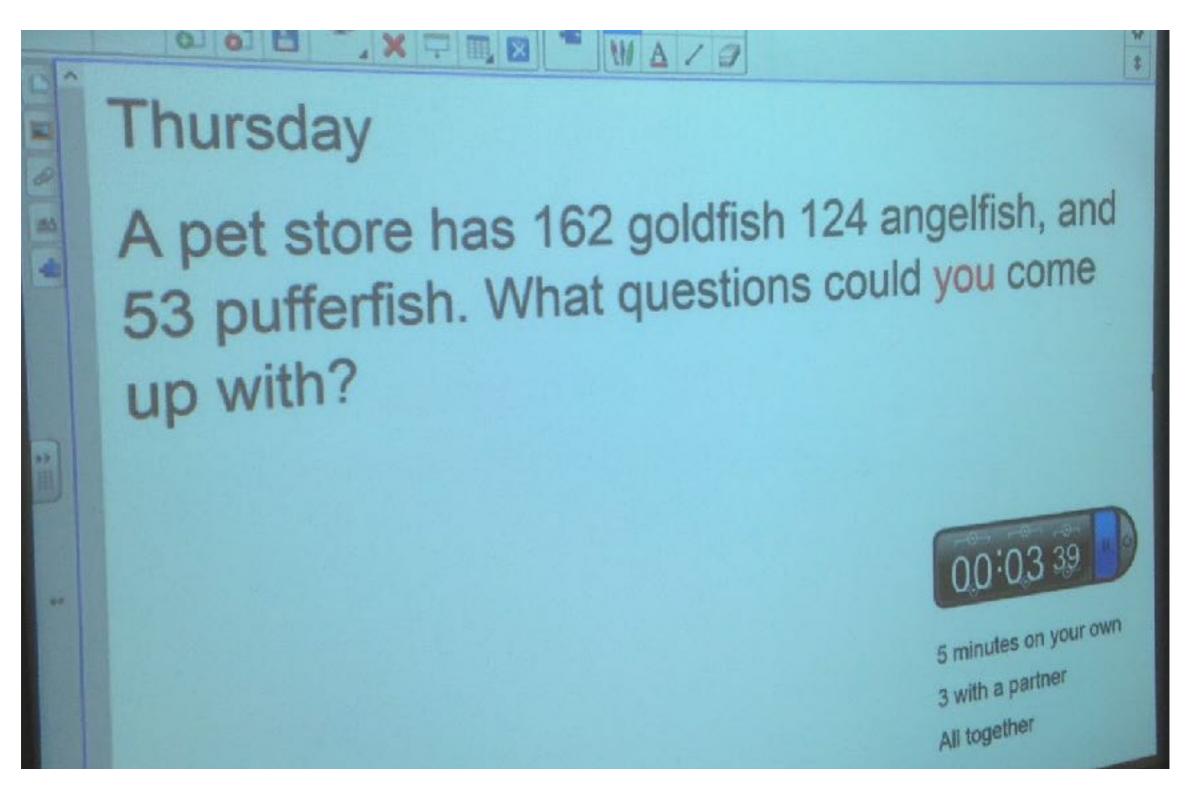
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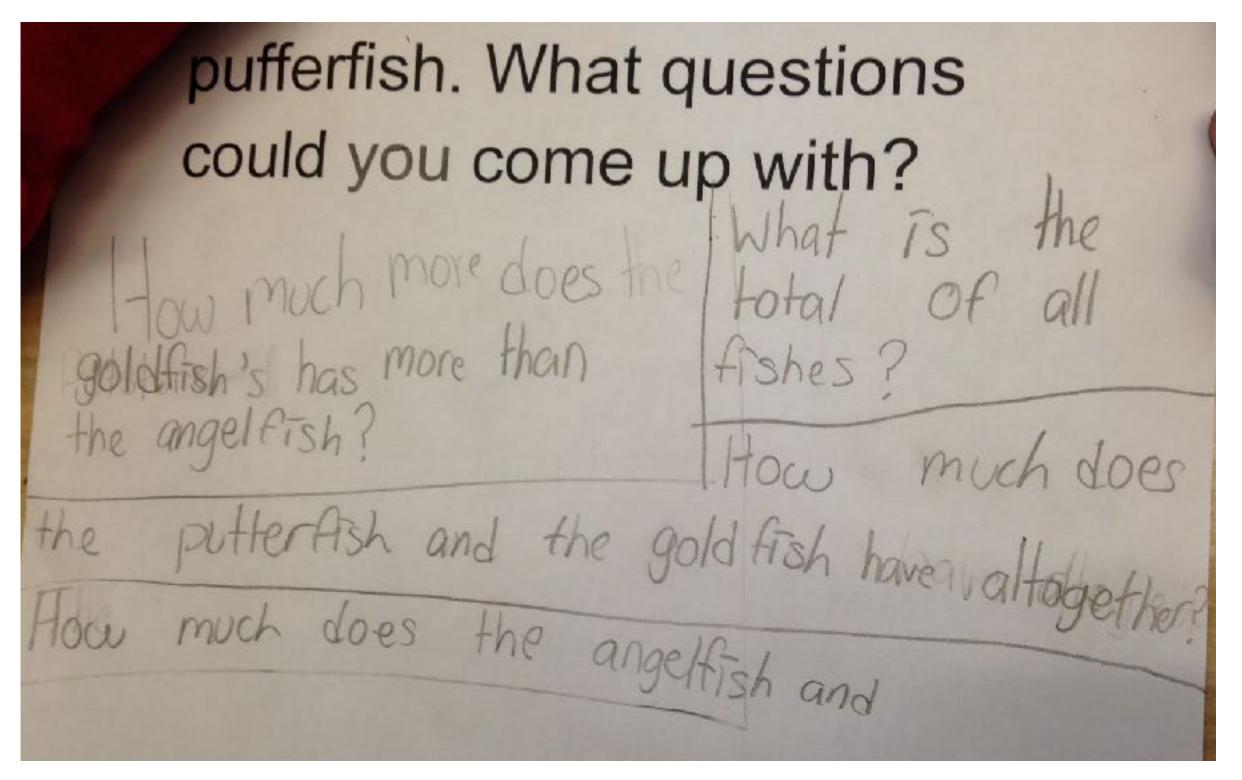
UNIT 4 LESSON 18

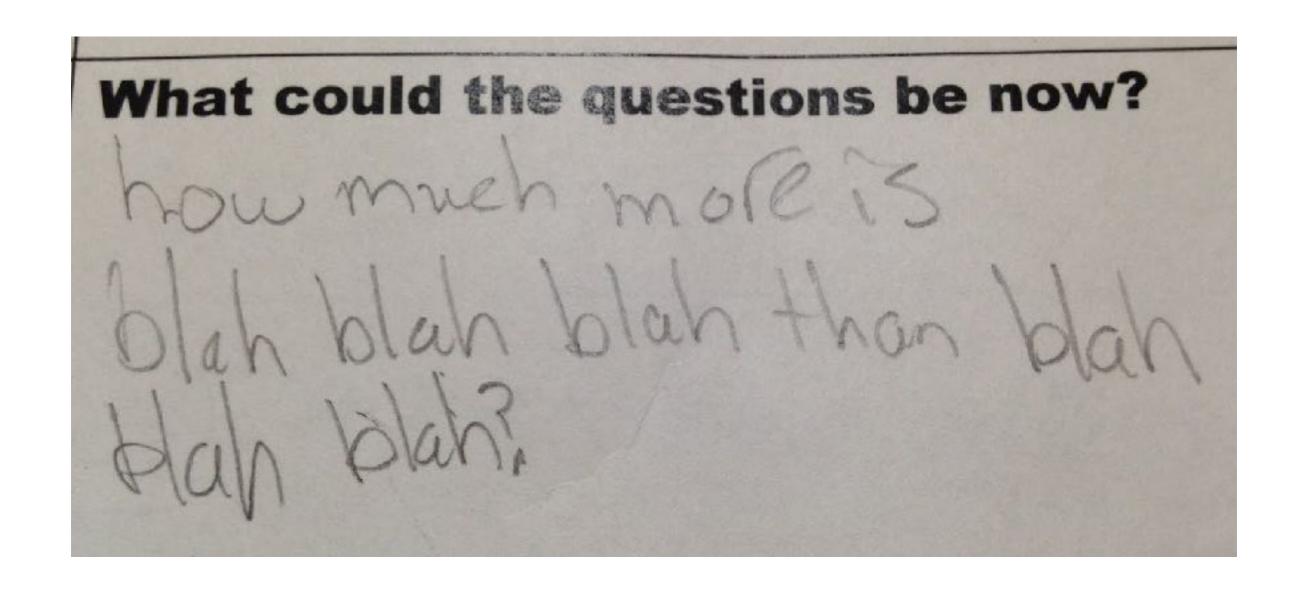
Get Rid of the Question











Encouraging Sense-Making

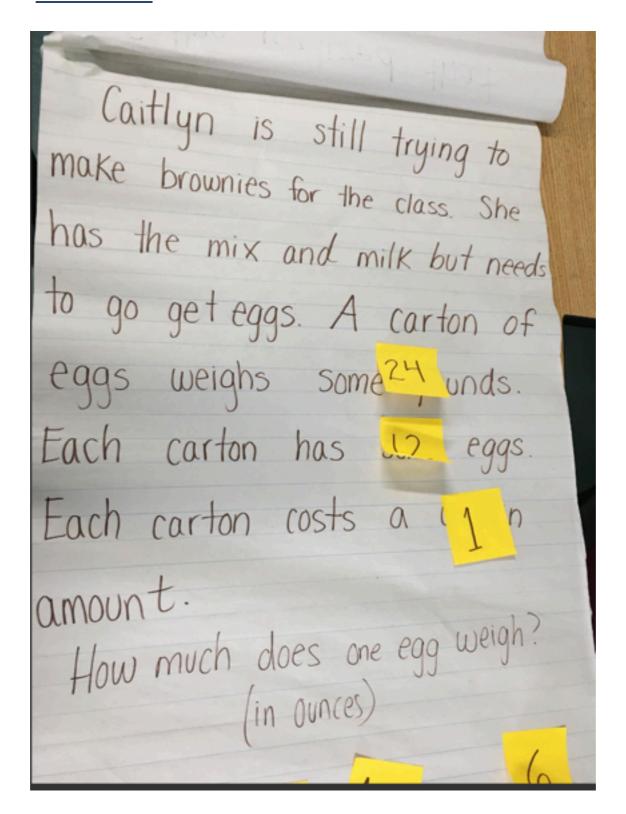
Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Get rid of the question and the numbers.

Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him some Raule had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more Raule. had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. Raul had some pet mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. Xavier gave him 3 more mice. Now Raul has 8 mice. How many mice did Raul have to start with?

A Numberless Word Problem from Brian Bushart, <u>bstockus.wordpress.com</u>

Get Rid of the Question and the Numbers



Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answer-getting?

A: Give the answer and let the students do the work.

Give the Answer

◆ Math Message Follow-Up

WHOLE-CLASS ACTIVITY INVIV

Draw or display a function machine and "What's My Rule?" table. (See Advance Preparation.)

Ask children to imagine that the function machine works like this:

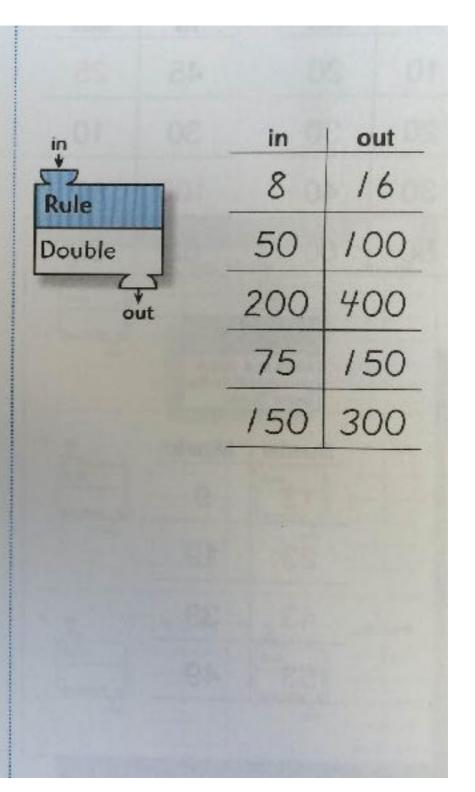
- · A number (the input) is dropped into the machine,
- the machine changes the number according to a rule,
- and a new number (the output) comes out the other end.

The rule for the Math Message problem is "Double the number." Write the word *Double* in the function machine.

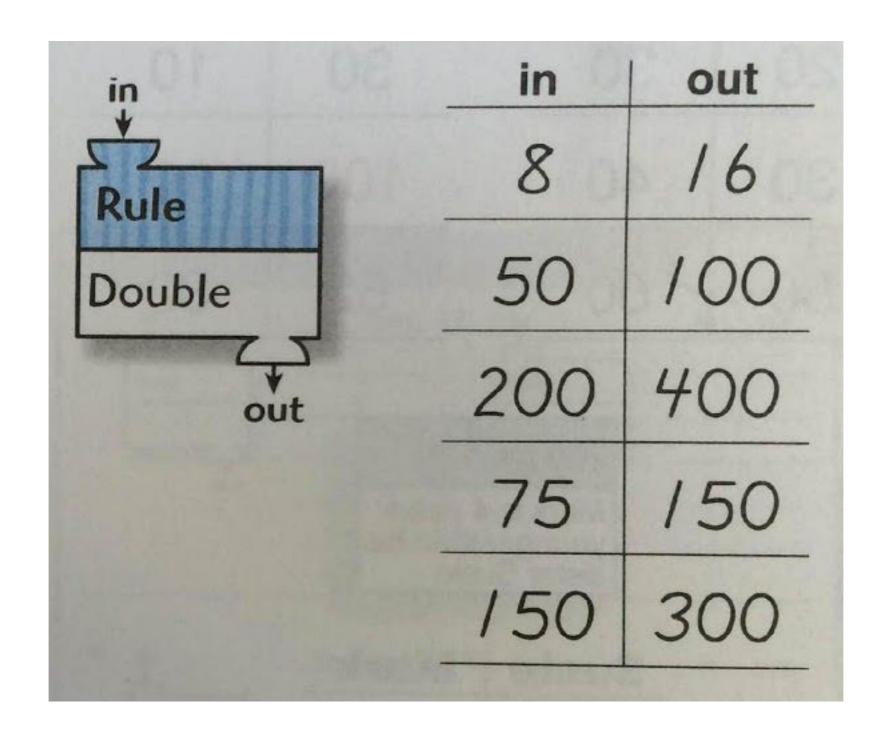
Point out the "What's My Rule?" table. Discuss the 8 in the *in* column and the 16 in the *out* column. Explain to children that numbers in the *in* column represent the numbers of bacteria now. Corresponding numbers in the *out* column represent the numbers of bacteria 20 minutes from now.

Review the answers to the Math Message problem by posing questions in the following manner:

 If 50 is dropped into the function machine, which number will come out? 100 Enter the appropriate numbers in the *in* and *out* columns.



Give the Answer



Give the Answer (or Several!)

Rachel bakes cookies and delivers them to her friends.

- It takes 8 minutes to mix the batter.
- The cookies bake for 9 minutes.
- For 6 minutes they cool.

If the answer is 23 minutes, what is the question? If the answer is 3 minutes, what is the question? If the answer is bake, what is the question?

Encouraging Sense Making

Q: What's another way to cultivate a classroom focused on sense making rather than answergetting?

A: Ask about ideas, not answers.

This can be really simple:

"Tell me something about number 7."

instead of

"What's the answer to number 7?"

Teacher Questions

"Why?"

"How do you know?"

"How did you decide?"

"Tell me more about that."

Ways to Encourage Sense Making Rather Than Answer Getting

- Get rid of the question.
- Get rid of the question and the numbers.
- Give the answer.
- Ask about ideas, not answers.

Your Job: Focus on and Monitor For Sense-Making Above All Else

Reflections & Questions

We notice... We wonder...

Kindegarteners point and verbally count

confuses k numerical sequence

· Numberline is not visably placed

Ss have difficulty conceptualizing numbers in abstract form, need and object to imagine (e.g. apple Christate)

· Wide range of ability/experience

· instruction feets tethered to "the book"

oa lack of found. math facts Jonly count

· where do rekenneks comefron?

. Steps from concrete -> abstract
visual tools -> just calculators?

· |-to- | typical Knatruction?

how do you embrace a diversity of approaches (to arithmetic, for example), while still lifting up the methods/approaches that one the most efficient.

now to create an exploratory

now to create an exploratory moth environment in a constraining administrative policy context?

Annie Fetter @MFAnnie #NoticeWonder

Thank You!

Annie Fetter

A PDF of the slides will be available after the session at annie.mathematicalthinking.org

anniefetter@gmail.com @MFAnnie